Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1-19. (cancelled)

- 20. (Previously presented) A method for treating an inorganic slurry to maintain the slurry in a substantially homogeneous phase and to preserve the slurry against bacterial contamination, which comprises the addition to the slurry of an effective amount of a composition comprising:
- (a) a tetrakis(hydroxyorgano)phosphonium salt (herein THP⁺ salt) selected from tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium sulphate, tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium chloride, tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium phosphate, tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium nitrate and tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium oxalate; and
 - (b) a dispersant selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) phosphonated compounds containing at least one tertiary

nitrogen atom; and

- (ii) homopolymers of unsaturated acids.
- · 21. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, in which the THP salt is tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium sulphate.
 - 22. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, in which the THP⁺ salt is tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium chloride, phosphate, nitrate or oxalate.
 - 23. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, in which the dispersant (b(i)) is a phosphonated compound containing one tertiary nitrogen atom.
 - 24. (Currently amended) A method according to claim [[4]] 23, in which the dispersant (b(i)) is a sodium salt of nitrilotris (methylene phosphonate).

- 25. (Currently amended) A method according to claim [[5]] $\underline{24}$, in which the salt is the tetra-sodium salt.
- 26. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, in which the dispersant (b(ii)) is a homopolymer of acrylic acid.
 - 27. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 26, in which the homopolymer has a molecular weight in the range 2000 to 5000.
 - 28. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, in which the ratio of THP⁺ salt to dispersant in the composition is about 2:1 (as active ingredients).
 - 29. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, in which the composition is added to the slurry in an amount in the range 10 ppm to 1000 ppm (by weight of the slurry).

- 30. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, in which the composition is added to the slurry in an amount of about 750 ppm (by weight of the slurry).
- 31. (Previously presented) A method, according to claim 20, in which the slurry comprises a calcium carbonate-based slurry.
- 32. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, in which the slurry comprises a pigment slurry, a clay slurry or a cement slurry.

33-34. (Cancelled)

- 35. (Currently amended) A method of treating an inorganic slurry to maintain the slurry in a substantially homogeneous phase and to preserve the slurry against bacterial contamination, comprising the addition to the slurry of an effective amount of a composition according to Claim 33 comprising:
- (a) tetrakis(hydroxyorgano)phosphonium salt (herein THP⁺ salt) selected from tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium sulphate, tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium chloride,

tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium phosphate,

tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium nitrate and

tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium oxalate; and

(b) a dispersant which is the tetra sodium salt of nitrilotris (methylene phosphonate).

36-37. (Cancelled)

- 38. (Currently amended) A method of treating an inorganic slurry to maintain the slurry in a substantially homogeneous phase and to preserve the slurry against bacterial contamination, comprising the addition to the slurry of an effective amount of a composition according to Claim 36 composition comprising:
- (a) a tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium salt (herein THP⁺ salt) selected from tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium sulphate, tetrakis (hydroxymethyl)phosphonium chloride, tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium phosphate, tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium nitrate and tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)phosphonium oxalate; and

(b) a dispersant which is a homopolymer of acrylic acid, the homopolymer having a molecular weight in the range of 2,000 to 5,000.